Agency 88

Kansas Board of Regents

Articles

88-3. Guidelines for the Determination of Residency for Fee Purposes.
88-24. General Education Development (GED) Test.
88-28. Private and Out-of-State Postsecondary Education Institutions.
88-29. Qualified Admission.
88-29a. State University Admissions.
88-29b. University of Kansas Admissions.
88-30. Student Health Insurance Program.

Article 3.—GUIDELINES FOR THE DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCY FOR FEE PURPOSES

88-3-8a. Military personnel. (a) The resident fee privilege shall be accorded to any person who meets the following conditions:

(1) Is enrolled at any state educational institution, as defined by K.S.A. 76-711 and amendments thereto; and

(2) meets one of the following conditions:

(A) Is actively serving in any armed service of the United States for 30 or more days immediately preceding enrollment and meets one of the following conditions:

(i) Resides in Kansas; or

(ii) is assigned to a permanent duty station located in Kansas;

(B) is a member of the Kansas army or air national guard; or

(C) is the spouse or dependent of a person who meets both of the following conditions:

(i) Is actively serving in any armed service of the United States or the Kansas army or air national guard for 30 or more days immediately preceding enrollment; and

(ii) either resides in Kansas or is assigned to a permanent duty station located in Kansas.

(b) The resident fee privilege accorded to a person who meets the requirements of paragraph (a)(2)(A), or to the spouse or dependents of the person, shall continue if the person is reassigned to a duty station outside the state as long as the person or the person's spouse or dependents maintain continuous enrollment at the institution.

(c) The resident fee privilege shall be accorded to a spouse and the qualifying dependents of a person who meets the requirements of paragraph (a)(2)(B) only if the spouse or dependents reside in Kansas.

(d) This regulation shall not be construed to prevent a person in the military service from acquiring or retaining a bona fide residence in Kansas. (Authorized by K.S.A. 76-730; implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-729 and K.S.A. 76-730; effective July 27, 2007; amended Jan. 18, 2013.)

Article 24.—GENERAL EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT (GED) TEST

88-24-1. Eligibility to take GED test. (a) Each applicant to take the general education development (GED) test shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Be neither currently enrolled at nor graduated from an accredited public, private, denominational, or parochial high school in the United States or Canada; and

(2) be 16 years of age or older.

(b) In addition to meeting the requirements specified in subsection (a), each applicant who is 16 or 17 years old shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Provide one of the following:

(A) Written permission from a parent or legal guardian; or

(B) written proof of legal emancipation; and

(2) provide proof of meeting one of the following requirements:

(A) Have participated in a final counseling ses-

sion conducted by the school district where the applicant currently resides and signed a disclaimer pursuant to K.S.A. 72-1111(b)(2), and amendments thereto;

(B) have disenrolled from an alternative education program approved by a Kansas unified school district;

(C) have graduated or disenrolled from a program of instruction approved by the state board of education pursuant to K.S.A. 72-1111(g), and amendments thereto; or

(D) be exempt from compulsory attendance pursuant to a court order. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 72-4530; effective Oct. 18, 2002; amended July 27, 2007; amended Oct. 15, 2010.)

Article 28.—PRIVATE AND OUT-OF-STATE POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS

88-28-1. Definitions. The following terms, wherever used in this article, shall have the meanings specified in this regulation: (a) "Academic year" means instruction consisting of at least 24 semester credit hours over a period of two semesters or the equivalent.

(b) "Associate's degree" means a postsecondary degree consisting of at least 60 semester credit hours or the equivalent of college-level coursework. This term shall include the following types of associate's degree:

(1) "Associate in applied science degree" means a technical-oriented or occupational-oriented associate's degree that meets the following conditions:

(A) Is granted to each student who successfully completes a program that emphasizes preparation in the applied arts and sciences for careers, typically at the technical or occupational level; and

(B) requires at least 15 semester credit hours in general education and at least 30 semester credit hours or the equivalent in the technical content area.

(2) "Associate in arts degree" means an associate's degree that meets the following conditions:

(A) Is granted to each student who successfully completes a program that emphasizes the liberal arts; and

(B) requires at least 30 semester credit hours or the equivalent in general education, including English, mathematics, humanities, communications, physical sciences, and social and behavioral sciences, or any combination of these subjects.

(3) "Associate in general studies degree" means an associate's degree that meets the following conditions:

(A) Is granted to each student who successfully completes a program that emphasizes a broad range of knowledge; and

(B) requires at least 24 semester credit hours or the equivalent in general education.

(4) "Associate in science degree" means an associate's degree that meets the following conditions:

(A) Is granted to each student who successfully completes a program that emphasizes either mathematics or the biological or physical sciences, or both; and

(B) requires at least 30 semester credit hours or the equivalent in general education.

(c) "Bachelor's degree" and "baccalaureate" mean a degree that meets the following conditions:

(1) Requires the equivalent of at least four academic years of college-level coursework in the liberal arts, sciences, or professional fields meeting the following conditions:

(A) Requires at least 120 semester credit hours or the equivalent;

(B) includes at least 45 semester credit hours or the equivalent in upper-division courses; and

(C) requires at least 60 semester credit hours or the equivalent from institutions that confer a majority of degrees at or above the baccalaureate level; and

(2) requires a distinct specialization, which is known as a "major," that requires either of the following:

(A) At least one academic year, or the equivalent in part-time study, of work in the major subject and at least one academic year, or the equivalent in part-time study, in related subjects; or

(B) at least two academic years, or the equivalent in part-time study, in closely related subjects within a liberal arts interdisciplinary program.

(d) "Catalog" means a document delivered in print or on-line containing the elements specified in K.A.R. 88-28-2.

(e) "Closure of an institution" or "closure" means the practice of no longer allowing students access to the institution to receive instruction. Closure of an institution occurs on the calendar day immediately following the last day on which

students are allowed access to the institution to receive instruction.

(f) "Degree program" means a course of study that meets the following conditions:

(1) Leads to an associate's degree, a bachelor's degree, a master's degree, an intermediate (specialist) degree, a first professional degree, or a doctor's degree; and

(2) consists of at least 30 semester credit hours or the equivalent of coursework in a designated academic discipline area.

(g) "Doctor's degree" means a degree that may include study for a closely related master's degree and that meets the following conditions:

(1) Is granted to each student who successfully completes an intensive, scholarly program requiring the equivalent of at least three academic years beyond the bachelor's degree;

(2) requires a demonstration of mastery of a significant body of knowledge through successful completion of either of the following:

(A) A comprehensive examination; or

(B) a professional examination, the successful completion of which may be required in order to be admitted to professional practice in Kansas; and

(3) requires evidence, in the form of a doctoral dissertation, of competence in independent basic or applied research that involves the highest levels of knowledge and expertise.

(h) "Enrollment agreement" means a written contract between an institution and a student in which the institution agrees to provide instruction to the student for a fee. Each valid enrollment agreement shall meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-28-7.

(i) "Enrollment period" means the period of time specified in an enrollment agreement during which instruction, including any examinations given, is to be provided to a student.

(j) "Entering an institution" means commencing class attendance by a student at an on-site institution or first submitting a lesson by a student for evaluation in a distance education program.

(k) "First professional degree" means a degree that meets the following conditions:

(1) Is granted to each student who successfully completes study beyond the fulfillment of undergraduate requirements, as approved by the state board;

(2) requires the equivalent of at least five academic years of study, including work towards a bachelor's degree; and

(3) includes a specialization in a professional field.

(l) "Honorary degree" means a special degree awarded as an honor that is bestowed upon a person without completion of the usual requirements.

(m) "Intermediate (specialist) degree" means a degree, including an educational specialist degree, granted to each student who successfully completes a program requiring the equivalent of at least one academic year beyond the master's degree in a professional field.

(n) "Master's degree" means a degree that meets the following conditions:

(1) Is granted to each student who successfully completes a program in the liberal arts and sciences or in a professional field beyond a bachelor's degree;

(2) requires the equivalent of at least one academic year in a curriculum specializing in a single discipline or single occupational or professional area; and

(3) culminates in a demonstration of mastery, which may include one or more of the following:

(A) A research thesis;

(B) a work of art; or

(C) the solution of an applied professional problem.

(o) "Program" means either of the following:

(1) A course or series of courses leading to a certificate, diploma, or degree; or

(2) training that prepares a person for a field of endeavor in a business, trade, technical, or industrial occupation.

(p) "Upper-division course" means any course with content and teaching appropriate for students in their third and fourth academic years or for other students with an adequate background in the subject. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 74-32,165; effective Oct. 20, 2006; amended March 18, 2011.)

88-28-6. Fees. Fees for certificates of approval, registration of representatives, and certain transcripts shall be collected by the state board in accordance with this regulation.

(a) For institutions domiciled or having their principal place of business within the state of Kansas, the following fees shall apply:

(1) Initial application fees:

(A) Non-degree-granting institution .. $2,000

(B) Degree-granting institution $3,000

(2) Initial evaluation fee, in addition to initial application fees:
(A) Non-degree level $750
(B) Associate degree level $1,000
(C) Baccalaureate degree level $2,000
(D) Master's degree level $3,000
(E) Professional and doctoral degree levels $4,000
(3) Renewal application fees:
(A) Non-degree-granting institution ..... 2% of gross tuition but not less than $800 and not more than $15,000
(B) Degree-granting institution ... 2% of gross tuition, but not less than $1,600 and not more than $15,000
(4) New program submission fees, for each new program:
(A) Non-degree program $250
(B) Associate degree program $500
(C) Baccalaureate degree program $750
(D) Master's degree program $1,000
(E) Professional and doctoral degree programs $2,000
(5) Program modification fee, for each program $100
(6) Branch campus site fees, for each branch campus site:
(A) Initial non-degree-granting institution $1,500
(B) Initial degree-granting institution $2,500
(7) Renewal branch campus site fees, for each branch campus site:
(A) Non-degree-granting institution ..... 2% of gross tuition, but not less than $800 and not more than $15,000
(B) Degree-granting institution ... 2% of gross tuition, but not less than $1,600 and not more than $15,000
(8) On-site branch campus review fee, for each branch campus site $250
(9) Representative fees:
(A) Initial registration $200
(B) Renewal of registration $150
(10) Late submission of renewal of application fee $125
(11) Student transcript copy fee $10
(12) Returned check fee $50
(13) Changes in institution profile fees:
(A) Change of institution name $100
(B) Change of institution location $100
(C) Change of ownership only $100
(b) For institutions domiciled or having their principal place of business outside the state of Kansas, the following fees shall apply:
(1) Initial application fees:
(A) Non-degree-granting institution .. $4,000
(B) Degree-granting institution $5,500
(2) Initial evaluation fee, in addition to initial application fees:
(A) Non-degree level $1,500
(B) Associate degree level $2,000
(C) Baccalaureate degree level $3,000
(D) Master's degree level $4,000
(E) Professional and doctoral degree levels $5,000
(3) Renewal application fees:
(A) Non-degree-granting institution ..... 3% of gross tuition received or derived from Kansas students, but not less than $2,400 and not more than $15,000
(B) Degree-granting institution ... 3% of gross tuition received or derived from Kansas students, but not less than $3,000 and not more than $15,000
(4) New program submission fees, for each new program:
(A) Non-degree program $500
(B) Associate degree program $750
(C) Baccalaureate degree program $1,000
(D) Master's degree program $1,500
(E) Professional and doctoral degree programs $2,500
(5) Program modification fee, for each program $100
(6) Branch campus site fees, for each branch campus site:
(A) Initial non-degree-granting institution $4,000
(B) Initial degree-granting institution $5,500
(7) Renewal branch campus site fees, for each branch campus site:
(A) Non-degree-granting institution ..... 3% of gross tuition received or derived from Kansas students, but not less than $2,400 and not more than $15,000
(B) Degree-granting institution ... 3% of gross tuition received or derived from Kansas students, but not less than $3,000 and not more than $15,000
(8) On-site branch campus review, fee for each branch campus site $500
(9) Representative fees:
(A) Initial registration $350
(B) Renewal of registration $250

(10) Late submission of renewal of application fee $125
(11) Student transcript copy fee $10
(12) Returned check fee $50
(13) Changes in institution profile fees:
(A) Change of institution name $100
(B) Change of institution location $100
(C) Change of ownership only $100

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-32,181, as amended by 2011 HB 2020, sec. 3; effective Oct. 20, 2006; amended April 16, 2010; amended, T-88-7-20-11, July 20, 2011; amended Oct. 21, 2011.)

Article 29.—QUALIFIED ADMISSION

88-29-1. Definitions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2016 summer session. Each of the following terms, wherever used in this article or in article 29a, shall have the meaning specified in this regulation:

(a) "Accelerated course" means a course that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) Is designed for students performing above their grade level as determined by standardized testing;

(2) if the course is designed to be a ½-unit course, is completed in less than 40 clock-hours;

(3) if the course is designed to be a one-unit course, is completed in less than 80 clock-hours; and

(4) has been determined by the board of regents to include similar or greater content, depth, and complexity as that of a one-unit course completed in 120 clock-hours or a ½-unit course completed in 60 clock-hours.

(b) "Accredited high school" means one or more educational institutions that provide secondary instruction to students in grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 and that are designated accredited by a regional accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education, by the Kansas state board of education, or by an agency with standards equivalent to those of the United States department of education or the Kansas state board of education.

(c) "Admission" means the permission given by the admission officer of a state educational institution to an applicant to enroll as a degree-seeking student in a state educational institution.

(d) "Admission category" means one of the admission categories adopted by a state educational institution pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-3.

(e) "Complete application file" means the entire set of the following student records that have been received in the admission office of a state educational institution:

(1) A completed application to the state educational institution;

(2) verification that all applicable application fees have been paid;

(3) an official copy of the final transcript from each high school attended, including a transcript documenting graduation from high school, or a GED credential;

(4) when required pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29-7, or K.A.R. 88-29a-7, an official copy of all ACT or SAT scores; and

(5) any other materials required by the state educational institution for advising or placement purposes.

(f) "Degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment at a state educational institution and who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to complete a program of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(g) "Earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores" means one of the following:

(1) Took the GED test on or after January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 2,550 points and a minimum score of 510 points on each subtest; or

(2) took the GED test before January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 250 points and a minimum score of 50 points on each subtest.

(h) "Exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8c or K.A.R. 88-29a-8c, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas, who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, K.A.R. 88-29-7, K.A.R. 88-29a-7, K.A.R. 88-29-7a, or K.A.R. 88-29a-7a, and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions.

(i) "Exception window for nonresident transfer admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-

8b, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas and who has earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4.

(j) "Exception window for resident freshman class admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8 or K.A.R. 88-29a-8, may admit a Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4 through 88-29-6, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, or K.A.R. 88-29a-6 and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for resident transfer admissions.

(k) "Exception window for resident transfer admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8a, may admit a Kansas resident who has earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4.

(l) "Institution of higher education" means an educational institution in any state, territory, or country that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) Meets one of the following requirements:

(A) Offers a course of instruction designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid; or

(B) offers a course of instruction that is equivalent to a program designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid;

(2) is legally authorized within the state, territory, or country that appears on the transcript to provide a program of education beyond secondary education; and

(3) meets one of the following requirements:

(A) Is accredited by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency; or

(B) has been granted preaccreditation status by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by either the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency.

(m) "Integrated course" means a course that redistributes the content of two or more qualified admission precollege curriculum courses into a nontraditional combination. A nontraditional combination may combine the content of qualified admission algebra I and qualified admission geometry over a period of four semesters in a sequence of courses titled integrated math I and II.

(n) "Kansas resident" means a person determined to be a resident for fee purposes, pursuant to K.S.A. 76-729 and amendments thereto.

(o) "Non-accredited private secondary school" means a private secondary school, as defined in K.S.A. 72-53,100 and amendments thereto, which may include a home school.

(p) "Non-degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment in a state educational institution and who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to enroll for self-enrichment or other reasons, excluding the intent to complete a course of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(q) "Precollege," when used to describe a course or curriculum, means a type of course or curriculum offered at an accredited high school that meets both of the following conditions:

(1) The course or curriculum is designed for a student performing at or above the student's grade level as determined by standardized testing.

(2) The content and requirements of the course or curriculum have been determined by the board of regents or the board's designee to reflect a pace of instruction, intensity and depth of material, level of abstraction, and application of critical thinking necessary to prepare students for study at state educational institutions.

(r) "State educational institution" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 76-711, and amendments thereto.

(s) "Transferable college credit hours" means postsecondary coursework that an admitting state educational institution will accept.

(t) "Unit" means a measure of secondary credit that may be awarded to a student for satisfactory completion of a particular course or subject. One unit of credit is credit that is awarded for satisfactory completion of a course or subject that is offered for and generally requires 120 clock-hours to complete. Credit may be awarded in increments based upon the amount of time a course or subject is offered and the requirements for completion.

This regulation shall have no force and effect on and after June 1, 2016. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1,

2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29-3. Categories of admission. (a) In the admission policies of each state educational institution, which are required by K.A.R. 88-29-9 and K.A.R. 88-29a-9, each state educational institution shall adopt the regular admission category, which shall include any applicant who is given permission from the state educational institution to enroll as a degree-seeking student at the state educational institution without any conditions or restrictions other than that the student will be subject to all policies of the state educational institution.

(b) In the admission policies of each state educational institution, which are required by K.A.R. 88-29-9 and K.A.R. 88-29a-9, any state educational institution may adopt one or more admission categories in addition to the regular admission category specified in subsection (a). These additional categories shall be limited to the following:

(1) The temporary admission category, which shall include any applicant who is given permission from the state educational institution to enroll as a degree-seeking student at the state educational institution for a specified period of time not to exceed one calendar year, during which period the student shall be required to provide the state educational institution with the student's complete application file; and

(2) the provisional admission category, which shall include any applicant who is given permission from the state educational institution to enroll as a degree-seeking student at the state educational institution for a probationary period of time, subject to restrictions that may include any of the following requirements:

(A) The applicant shall enroll only in a limited number of credit hours each semester as specified by the state educational institution;

(B) the applicant shall enroll in the developmental or college preparatory courses specified by the state educational institution;

(C) the applicant shall participate in an advising program specified by the state educational institution;

(D) the applicant shall achieve a certain specified grade point average specified by the state educational institution at the end of a period of time specified by the state educational institution; and

(E) the applicant shall meet any other provisions established in the state educational institution's admission policy for provisional admission established in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29-9 or K.A.R. 88-29a-9.

(c) A student in the regular admission category shall not be in any other admission category.

(d) The temporary and provisional admission categories shall not be mutually exclusive. Each student who is not in the regular admission category shall be admitted into any other category or categories of admission adopted by the state educational institution for which the student is eligible. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended July 22, 2011.)

88-29-4. Qualifications required for the admission of an applicant with 24 or more transferable credit hours. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8a or the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8b.

(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who meets the following criteria:

(1) Has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution; and

(2) has earned a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or higher on a 4.0 scale in all postsecondary coursework.

(c) Any state educational institution may admit a nonresident who meets the following criteria:

(1) Has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution; and

(2) has earned a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or higher on a 4.0 scale in all postsecondary coursework. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011.)

88-29-5. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is under

the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8.

(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets both of the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state; and

(2) meets at least one of the following criteria:

(A) Has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21;

(B) has ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; or

(C) has completed the qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, or its functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29-18, with a minimum grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale.

(c) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets both of the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; and

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21.

(d) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is under the age of 21 and who has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-6. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29-8.

(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state;

(2) has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; or

(3) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-7. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements prescribed in this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8c.

(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is under the age of 21 and who meets both of the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; and

(2) meets at least one of the following criteria:

(A) Achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21;

(B) ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; or

(C) completed the qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, or its functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29-19, with a minimum grade point average of at least 2.5 on a 4.0 scale.

(c) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is under the age of 21 and who meets both of the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; and

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21.

(d) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is under the age of 21 and who meets both of the following requirements:

(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1; and

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21.

This regulation shall have no force and effect on and after June 1, 2015. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29-7a. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements of this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that this regulation shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29-8c.

(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; or

(2) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-8. The exception window for resident freshman class admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) Any state educational institution may admit any Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-5 or K.A.R. 88-29-6 and who has earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions. The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new students who have earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using the exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the state educational institution shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the state educational institution exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for resident freshman class admissions.

(d) Beginning with students admitted for the 2013 fall session, each state educational institution shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an

individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by K.S.A. 76-712 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; implementing K.S.A. 76-725 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29-8a. The exception window for resident transfer admissions. Any state educational institution may admit any Kansas resident who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours, but who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions.

(a) The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new resident students who have earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the state educational institution shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the state educational institution exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for resident transfer admissions.

(d) Beginning with students admitted for the 2013 fall session, each state educational institution shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by K.S.A. 76-712 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11, and K.S.A. 76-725; effective, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; effective Nov. 13, 2009; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29-8b. The exception window for nonresident transfer admissions. Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours, but who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, by means of the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions.

(a) The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new nonresident students who have earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the state educational institution shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the state educational institution exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for nonresident transfer admissions.

(d) Beginning with students admitted for the 2013 fall session, each state educational institution shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by K.S.A. 76-712 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11, and K.S.A. 76-725; effective, T-88-6-26-

09, July 1, 2009; effective Nov. 13, 2009; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29-8c. The exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-7 or K.A.R. 88-29-7a and who has earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions. The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new nonresident students who have earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions that may be made using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1) or 50 students, whichever is greater.

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the state educational institution shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the state educational institution exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for nonresident freshman class admissions.

(d) Beginning with students admitted for the 2013 fall session, each state educational institution shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by K.S.A. 76-712 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; implementing K.S.A. 76-725 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective July 22, 2011; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29-9. Admission policies for state educational institutions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. The chancellor or president of each state educational institution or a designee shall establish admission policies that meet all of the following requirements:

(a) The policies shall not conflict with the provisions of this article.

(b) The policies shall specify the materials required for a complete application file.

(c) The policies shall address the enrollment of both degree-seeking and non-degree-seeking students as well as each student's transition from degree-seeking to non-degree-seeking status or from non-degree-seeking to degree-seeking status. Policies shall mandate that each non-degree-seeking student who applies to enroll as a degree-seeking student shall be admitted only if one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The student meets the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4 through 88-29-7.

(2) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshmen class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8.

(3) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8a.

(4) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8b.

(5) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8c.

(d) The policies shall include an explanation of the exception windows and the state educational institution's method to determine which applicants would be admitted if there were more applicants than the state educational institution is allowed under K.A.R. 88-29-8, K.A.R. 88-29-8a, K.A.R. 88-29-8b, or K.A.R. 88-29-8c.

(e) The policies may include the establishment of subcategories of non-degree-seeking students.

(f) The policies shall include a statement indicating whether the state educational institution will consider, in the admission decision, any postsecondary credit from an institution that is not accredited and has not been granted preaccredita-

tion status by an agency recognized by the United States department of education or by an equivalent international agency. If the state educational institution considers these credits, the admission decision shall be made in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29-4.

(g) The policies shall include a statement of whether the state educational institution enrolls students in the temporary or provisional admission category.

(1) If the state educational institution enrolls any students in the temporary admission category, the policies shall include all of the following:

(A) A description of requirements for exiting the temporary admission category and entering another admission category;

(B) a statement that a temporarily admitted student may be denied admission to a specific degree program;

(C) a statement that each student who fails to exit from the temporary admission category within the specified period of time shall be disenrolled;

(D) a statement that each applicant who is admitted in the temporary admission category pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-10(a)(2) or K.A.R. 88-29-10(b)(2) shall be allowed to exit from the temporary admission category and enter the regular admission category only upon verification of high school graduation; and

(E) a statement that each applicant who is admitted into the temporary admission category pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-10(b)(3) shall be allowed to exit the temporary admission category and enter the regular admission category only upon verification that the applicant meets both of the following requirements:

(i) Remained in the top third of the class after the applicant's seventh semester or returned to the top third of the applicant's class during the eighth semester; and

(ii) graduated from high school.

(2) If the state educational institution enrolls any students in the provisional admission category, the policies shall include all of the following:

(A) A description of requirements for exiting the provisional admission category and entering another admission category;

(B) a statement that any student admitted in the provisional admission category may be denied admission to a specific degree program; and

(C) a statement that each student who fails to exit from the provisional admission category within the period of time specified by the state educational institution shall be disenrolled.

(3) The state educational institution's policy shall mandate that a student who meets the criteria for both the temporary and provisional admission categories shall not be granted regular admission until the student fulfils the requirements for exiting each of the categories in which the student is initially enrolled.

(h) The admission policy of each state educational institution shall be required to be approved in advance by the board of regents. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011.)

88-29-10. Methods for state educational institutions to use when evaluating qualifications for admission. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session.

(a) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider an applicant's ACT or SAT scores as follows:

(1) A documented score of 980 on the SAT, excluding the writing portion of the SAT, shall be deemed the equivalent of a composite score of 21 on the ACT for purposes of this article.

(2) A documented composite score of 21 or above on the ACT may be used to admit an applicant in the temporary admission category after the applicant's completion of the sixth high school semester, without further review of the applicant's materials.

(3) The admission officer shall consider the applicant's best composite ACT score for admission decisions.

(4) If an applicant has taken both the ACT and SAT, the admission officer shall consider the applicant's better score on the two tests for admission decisions.

(b) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider class rank as follows:

(1) If class rank cannot be determined, the admission officer shall not admit an applicant under this criterion.

(2) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's seventh semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the

temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.

(3) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's sixth semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.

(c) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29-11 are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses appearing on the official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course was approved by the board of regents staff, in accordance with procedures established by the board of regents or the board's designee, for the semester and year in which the applicant completed the course and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course code that appears on the official high school transcript is the same as the course code of the approved course.

(5)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of C, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.

(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (b)(5)(A).

(6) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:

(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of C or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.

(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(7) If an applicant has retaken an approved qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum.

(8) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum and if this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade for the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:

(A) Each college course with three or more credit hours, but no more than five credit hours, shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.

(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.

(d) If functional equivalents are substituted for courses in the qualified admission precollege curriculum in one or more disciplines, the admission officer of a state educational institution shall not assign a grade point value to the functional equivalents when calculating the qualified admission precollege curriculum grade point average.

(e) At the time of admission of an applicant, the state educational institution shall notify the applicant of each of the following:

(1) The category or categories in which the applicant is admitted;

(2) any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission; and

(3) the requirements for removing any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-11. Requirements for the quali-

fied admission precollege curriculum. This regulation shall be applicable to each applicant graduating from high school in academic year 2013-2014 or earlier. In order to admit any applicant under the qualified admission precollege curriculum criteria, each state educational institution shall require the applicant to provide an official high school transcript documenting completion of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum that meets the following requirements:

(a) For each student graduating from high school before 2010, the transcript shall indicate the following distribution of courses:

(1) Four units of approved qualified admission English courses, with the content described in K.A.R. 88-29-14;

(2) three units of approved qualified admission mathematics courses that have the content described in K.A.R. 88-29-15 and that meet the following requirements:

(A) Are at or above the level of qualified admission algebra I; and

(B) were taken during ninth through twelfth grades;

(3) three units of approved qualified admission natural science courses that have the content described in K.A.R. 88-29-16 and that meet the following requirements:

(A) The three units shall be selected from any of the following courses, with at least one unit in each selected course:

(i) Qualified admission biology;

(ii) qualified admission advanced biology;

(iii) qualified admission chemistry;

(iv) qualified admission physics;

(v) qualified admission earth-space science; or

(vi) qualified admission principles of technology; and

(B) at least one unit shall be selected from a qualified admission chemistry course or a qualified admission physics course; and

(4) three units of approved qualified admission social science courses that have the content described in K.A.R. 88-29-17 and that are distributed according to the following requirements:

(A) A minimum of ½ unit shall be a qualified admission United States government course;

(B) a minimum of ½ unit shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission world history;

(ii) qualified admission world geography; or

(iii) qualified admission international relations;

(C) a minimum of one unit shall be a qualified admission United States history course;

(D) up to one unit shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) A qualified admission anthropology course;

(ii) a qualified admission current social issues course;

(iii) a qualified admission economics course;

(iv) a qualified admission race and ethnic group relations course;

(v) a qualified admission sociology course;

(vi) a qualified admission psychology course;

(vii) a qualified admission United States history course; or

(viii) a qualified admission United States government course;

(E) a ½-unit course shall not be used to fulfill more than one requirement of this regulation for more than one discipline in the qualified admissions precollege curriculum; and

(F) a one-unit course may be used to fulfill two ½-unit requirements of this regulation.

(b) For each student graduating from high school in 2010 and thereafter but before academic year 2014-2015, the qualified admission precollege curriculum shall consist of courses that are among those listed in the document titled "Kansas board of regents precollege curriculum courses approved for university admissions," revised May 23, 2012, which is hereby adopted by reference. The qualified admission precollege curriculum shall consist of the following distribution of courses:

(1) Four units of approved qualified admission English courses that include reading, writing, and literature;

(2) three units of approved qualified admission mathematics courses that meet the following requirements:

(A) Each course shall be completed in the ninth through twelfth grades; and

(B) each course shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission algebra I;

(ii) qualified admission geometry;

(iii) qualified admission algebra II;

(iv) any mathematics course that has qualified admission algebra II as a prerequisite; or

(v) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee;

(3) three units of approved qualified admission

natural science courses that meet the following requirements:

(A) The three units shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission biology;

(ii) qualified admission advanced biology;

(iii) qualified admission chemistry;

(iv) qualified admission physics;

(v) qualified admission earth-space science;

(vi) qualified admission principles of technology; or

(vii) any other courses approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; and

(B) at least one unit shall be selected from a qualified admission chemistry course or a qualified admission physics course; and

(4) three units of approved qualified admission social science courses that are distributed according to the following requirements:

(A) A minimum of ½ unit shall be a qualified admission United States government course;

(B) a minimum of ½ unit shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission world history;

(ii) qualified admission world geography; or

(iii) qualified admission international relations;

(C) a minimum of one unit shall be a qualified admission United States history course;

(D) not more than one unit shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission anthropology;

(ii) qualified admission current social issues;

(iii) qualified admission economics;

(iv) qualified admission psychology;

(v) qualified admission race and ethnic group relations;

(vi) qualified admission sociology;

(vii) qualified admission United States history;

(viii) qualified admission United States government; or

(ix) any other courses approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee;

(E) a ½-unit course shall not be used to fulfill more than one requirement of this regulation for more than one discipline in the qualified admissions precollege curriculum; and

(F) a one-unit course may be used to fulfill two ½-unit requirements of this regulation. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended Oct. 19, 2012.)

88-29-12. Establishment of a qualified admission precollege curriculum by an accredited high school in Kansas. (a) Any accredited high school in Kansas may establish a qualified admission precollege curriculum. Failure to establish a qualified admission precollege curriculum shall render the high school's graduates ineligible for admission to a state educational institution under the qualified admission precollege curriculum criteria specified in K.A.R. 88-29-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29-7, and K.A.R. 88-29a-7. If an accredited high school establishes a qualified admission precollege curriculum, the curriculum shall meet the requirements of this regulation.

(b) Each course to be included in an accredited high school's qualified admission precollege curriculum shall be approved in advance by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee. Each accredited high school in Kansas that desires to establish and maintain a qualified admission precollege curriculum shall submit materials to the board of regents in accordance with procedures established and distributed to Kansas accredited high schools by the board of regents or the board's designee. Failure to submit materials in a timely manner may disqualify the high school's students for admission to a state educational institution under the qualified admission precollege curriculum criteria specified in K.A.R. 88-29-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29-7, and K.A.R. 88-29a-7.

(c) Each course for inclusion in an accredited high school's qualified admission precollege curriculum shall be approved according to the following procedures:

(1) A course shall be approved only if it is among those courses listed in "Kansas board of regents precollege curriculum courses approved for university admissions," as adopted by reference in K.A.R. 88-29-11.

(2) Two ½-unit courses may be approved to fulfill one unit of the qualified admission precollege curriculum.

(3) Any college course offered by an eligible institution of higher education may be approved for inclusion in an accredited high school's qualified admission precollege curriculum if the course meets all of the following conditions:

(A) The course is among those listed in "Kansas

board of regents precollege curriculum courses approved for university admissions," as adopted by reference in K.A.R. 88-29-11.

(B) The number of credit hours for the college course is three or more.

(C) The college course appears on the official high school transcript.

(d) The list of courses that have been approved to be included in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for each accredited high school in Kansas shall be available from the board.

(e) Upon receipt of information that a course does not meet the requirements specified in subsection (c), the content of that course may be reviewed by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee to determine whether it should be approved. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011.)

88-29-18. Functional equivalents of the qualified admission precollege curriculum; residents. In order to admit an applicant under the criterion of successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege curriculum, the admission officer of each state educational institution shall require each applicant who is a Kansas resident and who graduated from high school in academic year 2013-2014 or earlier to meet one or more of the sets of requirements specified in subsections (a) through (d). An admission officer of a state educational institution shall not grant any exception to this regulation.

(a) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege English courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of high school English with no grade lower than a C; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in either of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Language and composition; or

(ii) literature and composition; or

(B) a grade of B or higher in a general education English course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(b) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege mathematics courses as described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any two units of high school mathematics courses with no grade lower than a C; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in any of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Calculus AB; or

(ii) calculus BC; or

(B) a grade of C or higher in a general education mathematics course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(c) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege natural science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any two units of high school science courses with no grade less than a C; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in any of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Biology;

(ii) chemistry; or

(iii) physics B; or

(B) a grade of C or higher in a general education natural science laboratory course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(d) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege social science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any two units of high school social science courses with no grade lower than a C; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in any of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Microeconomics;

(ii) macroeconomics;

(iii) comparative government and policies;

(iv) United States government and policies;

(v) European history;

(vi) United States history; or

(vii) psychology; or

(B) a grade of B or higher in a general education social science course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011.)

88-29-19. Functional equivalents of the qualified admission precollege curriculum; nonresidents. In order to admit an applicant under the criterion of successful completion of the functional equivalent of the precollege curriculum, the admission officer of each state educational institution shall require each applicant who is not a resident of Kansas and who graduated from high school in academic year 2013-2014 or earlier to meet one or more of the sets of requirements specified in subsections (a) through (e). An admission officer of a state educational institution shall not grant any exception to this regulation.

(a) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege English courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of high school English with no grade lower than a C and at least one grade of B or higher; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in either of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Language and composition; or

(ii) literature and composition; or

(B) a grade of B or higher in a general education English course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(b) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege mathematics courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any two units of high school mathematics courses with no grade lower than a C and at least one grade of B or higher; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in either of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Calculus AB; or

(ii) calculus BC; or

(B) a grade of C or better in a general education mathematics course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(c) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege natural science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any two units of high school science courses with no grade less than a C and at least one grade of B or higher; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in any of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Biology;

(ii) chemistry; or

(iii) physics B; or

(B) a grade of C or higher in a general education natural science laboratory course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(d) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege social science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant shall provide both of the following:

(1) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any two units of high school social science course with no grade lower

than a C and at least one grade of B or higher; and

(2) official documentation of achievement of at least one of the following:

(A) A score of three or higher in any of the following college board advanced placement (AP) courses:

(i) Microeconomics;

(ii) macroeconomics;

(iii) comparative government and policies;

(iv) United States government and policies;

(v) European history;

(vi) United States history; or

(vii) psychology; or

(B) a grade of B or higher in a general education social science course taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution.

(e) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of all of the courses described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, each applicant who has attended an accredited high school located outside the United States shall provide official documentation of a study in mathematics, science, literature, and composition and completion of this study at a level that exceeds the minimum graduation standards of that accredited high school. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011.)

Article 29a.—STATE UNIVERSITY ADMISSIONS

88-29a-1. Definitions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applications beginning with the 2016 summer session. Each of the following terms, wherever used in this article or in article 29, shall have the meaning specified in this regulation:

(a) "Accelerated course" means a course that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) Is designed for students performing above their grade level as determined by standardized testing;

(2) if the course is designed to be a ½-unit course, is completed in less than 40 clock-hours;

(3) if the course is designed to be a one-unit course, is completed in less than 80 clock-hours; and

(4) has been determined by the board of regents to include similar or greater content, depth, and complexity as that of a one-unit course completed in 120 clock-hours or a ½-unit course completed in 60 clock-hours.

(b) "Accredited high school" means one or more educational institutions that provide secondary instruction to students in grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 and that are designated accredited by a regional accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education, by the Kansas state board of education, or by an agency with standards equivalent to those of the United States department of education or the Kansas state board of education.

(c) "Admission" means the permission given by the admission officer of a state educational institution to an applicant to enroll as a degree-seeking student in a state educational institution.

(d) "Admission category" means one of the admission categories adopted by a state educational institution pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-3.

(e) "Complete application file" means the entire set of the following student records that have been received in the admission office of a state educational institution:

(1) A completed application to the state educational institution;

(2) verification that all applicable application fees have been paid;

(3) an official copy of the final transcript from each high school attended, including a transcript documenting graduation from high school, or a GED credential;

(4) when required pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-5 or K.A.R. 88-29a-7, an official copy of all ACT or SAT scores; and

(5) any other materials required by the state educational institution for advising or placement purposes.

(f) "Degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment at a state educational institution and who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to complete a program of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(g) "Earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores" means one of the following:

(1) Took the GED test on or after January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 2,550 points

and a minimum score of 510 points on each subtest; or

(2) took the GED test before January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 250 points and a minimum score of 50 points on each subtest.

(h) "Exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-8c, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas, who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, K.A.R. 88-29a-7, or K.A.R. 88-29a-7a, and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions.

(i) "Exception window for nonresident transfer admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8b, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas and who has earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4.

(j) "Exception window for resident freshman class admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-8, may admit a Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, or K.A.R. 88-29a-6 and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for resident transfer admissions.

(k) "Exception window for resident transfer admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8a, may admit a Kansas resident who has earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4.

(l) "Institution of higher education" means an educational institution in any state, territory, or country that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) Meets one of the following requirements:

(A) Offers a course of instruction designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid; or

(B) offers a course of instruction that is equivalent to a program designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid;

(2) is legally authorized within the state, territory, or country that appears on the transcript to provide a program of education beyond secondary education; and

(3) meets one of the following requirements:

(A) Is accredited by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency; or

(B) has been granted preaccreditation status by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by either the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency.

(m) "Integrated course" means a course that redistributes the content of two or more qualified admission precollege curriculum courses into a nontraditional combination. A nontraditional combination may combine the content of qualified admission algebra I and qualified admission geometry over a period of four semesters in a sequence of courses titled integrated math I and II.

(n) "Kansas resident" means a person determined to be a resident for fee purposes, pursuant to K.S.A. 76-729 and amendments thereto.

(o) "Non-accredited private secondary school" means a private secondary school, as defined in K.S.A. 72-53,100 and amendments thereto, which may include a home school.

(p) "Non-degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment in a state educational institution and who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to enroll for self-enrichment or other reasons, excluding the intent to complete a course of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(q) "Precollege," when used to describe a course or curriculum, means a type of course or curriculum offered at an accredited high school that meets both of the following conditions:

(1) The course or curriculum is designed for a student performing at or above the student's grade level as determined by standardized testing.

(2) The content and requirements of the course or curriculum have been determined by the board of regents or the board's designee to reflect a pace of instruction, intensity and depth of material, level of abstraction, and application of critical thinking necessary to prepare students for study at state educational institutions.

(r) "State educational institution" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 76-711, and amendments thereto, except that, as used in this article or in

article 29, the term shall not include the university of Kansas.

(s) "Transferable college credit hours" means postsecondary coursework that an admitting state educational institution will accept.

(t) "Unit" means a measure of secondary credit that may be awarded to a student for satisfactory completion of a particular course or subject. One unit of credit is credit that is awarded for satisfactory completion of a course or subject that is offered for and generally requires 120 clock-hours to complete. Credit may be awarded in increments based upon the amount of time a course or subject is offered and the requirements for completion. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29a-2. Scope. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applications beginning with the 2015 summer session. Unless expressly stated as applicable to non-degree-seeking students, this article shall apply only to undergraduate degree-seeking students at any state educational institution. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29a-5. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8.

(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state;

(2) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale:

(A) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;

(B) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or

(C) for eligible applicants, the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-18 (a) through (e) or in K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f);

(3) meets at least one of the following criteria:

(A) Has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; or

(B) has ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; and

(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(c) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school;

(2) has completed one of the following:

(A) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(B) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;

(3) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(d) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is under the age of 21 and who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1;

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(3) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-6. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is 21

or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8.

(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state;

(2) has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; or

(3) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-7. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements prescribed in this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8c.

(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school;

(2) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:

(A) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;

(B) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or

(C) the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-19;

(3) meets at least one of the following criteria:

(A) Has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; or

(B) has ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; and

(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(c) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school;

(2) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:

(A) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(B) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;

(3) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(d) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1 or K.A.R. 88-29a-1;

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(3) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29a-7a. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements of this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that this regulation shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8c.

(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; or

(2) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-8. The exception window for resident freshman class admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) Any state educational institution may admit any Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29a-5 or K.A.R. 88-29a-6 and who has earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions. The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new students who have earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the state educational institution shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the state educational institution exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for resident freshman class admissions.

(d) Each state educational institution shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective July 22, 2011; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29a-8c. The exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29a-7 or K.A.R. 88-29a-7a and who has earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions. The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new nonresident students who have earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions that may be made using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1) or 50 students, whichever is greater.

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the state educational institution shall give preference to

persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the state educational institution exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for nonresident freshman class admissions.

(d) Each state educational institution shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective July 22, 2011; amended Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29a-9. Admission policies for state educational institutions. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. The chancellor or president of each state educational institution or a designee shall establish admission policies that meet all of the following requirements:

(a) The policies shall not conflict with the provisions of this article.

(b) The policies shall specify the materials required for a complete application file.

(c) The policies shall address the enrollment of both degree-seeking and non-degree-seeking students as well as each student's transition from degree-seeking to non-degree-seeking status or from non-degree-seeking to degree-seeking status. Policies shall mandate that each non-degree-seeking student who applies to enroll as a degree-seeking student shall be admitted only if one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The student meets the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4 through 88-29-7a and K.A.R. 88-29a-5 through 88-29a-7.

(2) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshmen class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8.

(3) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8a.

(4) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8b.

(5) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8c.

(d) The policies shall include an explanation of the exception windows and the state educational institution's method to determine which applicants would be admitted if there were more applicants than the state educational institution is allowed under K.A.R. 88-29a-8, K.A.R. 88-29-8a, K.A.R. 88-29-8b, or K.A.R. 88-29a-8c.

(e) The policies may include the establishment of subcategories of non-degree-seeking students.

(f) The policies shall include a statement indicating whether the state educational institution will consider, in the admission decision, any postsecondary credit from an institution that is not accredited and has not been granted preaccreditation status by an agency recognized by the United States department of education or by an equivalent international agency. If the state educational institution considers these credits, the admission decision shall be made in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29-4.

(g) The policies shall include a statement of whether the state educational institution enrolls students in the temporary or provisional admission category.

(1) If the state educational institution enrolls any students in the temporary admission category, the policies shall include all of the following:

(A) A description of requirements for exiting the temporary admission category and entering another admission category;

(B) a statement that a temporarily admitted student may be denied admission to a specific degree program;

(C) a statement that each student who fails to exit from the temporary admission category within the specified period of time shall be disenrolled;

(D) a statement that each applicant who is admitted in the temporary admission category pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-10(a)(2) or K.A.R. 88-29a-10(b)(2) shall be allowed to exit from the temporary admission category and enter the regular admission category only upon verification of high school graduation; and

(E) a statement that each applicant who is admitted into the temporary admission category pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-10(b)(3) shall be allowed to exit the temporary admission category and enter the regular admission category only

upon verification that the applicant meets both of the following requirements:

(i) Remained in the top third of the class after the applicant's seventh semester or returned to the top third of the applicant's class during the eighth semester; and

(ii) graduated from high school.

(2) If the state educational institution enrolls any students in the provisional admission category, the policies shall include all of the following:

(A) A description of requirements for exiting the provisional admission category and entering another admission category;

(B) a statement that any student admitted in the provisional admission category may be denied admission to a specific degree program; and

(C) a statement that each student who fails to exit from the provisional admission category within the period of time specified by the state educational institution shall be disenrolled.

(3) The state educational institution's policy shall mandate that a student who meets the criteria for both the temporary and provisional admission categories shall not be granted regular admission until the student fulfils the requirements for exiting each of the categories in which the student is initially enrolled.

(h) The admission policy of each state educational institution shall be required to be approved in advance by the board of regents. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011.)

88-29a-10. Methods for state educational institutions to use when evaluating qualifications for admission. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session.

(a) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider an applicant's ACT or SAT scores as follows:

(1) A documented score of 980 on the SAT, excluding the writing portion of the SAT, shall be deemed the equivalent of a composite score of 21 on the ACT for purposes of this article.

(2) A documented composite score of 21 or above on the ACT may be used to admit an applicant in the temporary admission category after the applicant's completion of the sixth high school semester, without further review of the applicant's materials.

(3) The admission officer shall consider the applicant's best composite ACT score for admission decisions.

(4) If an applicant has taken both the ACT and SAT, the admission officer shall consider the applicant's better score on the two tests for admission decisions.

(b) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider class rank as follows:

(1) If class rank cannot be determined, the admission officer shall not admit an applicant under this criterion.

(2) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's seventh semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.

(3) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's sixth semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.

(c) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for any applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-11, as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-11 are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses appearing on the official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course was approved in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29a-11 for the semester and year in which the applicant completed the course and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course code that appears on the official high school transcript is the same as the course code of the approved course.

(5)(A) If the high school transcript reports

grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of C, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.

(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).

(6) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:

(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of C or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.

(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(7) If an applicant has retaken an approved qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum.

(8) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum and if this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade for the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:

(A) Each college course with three or more credit hours, but no more than five credit hours, shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.

(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.

(d) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the Kansas scholars curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the Kansas scholars curriculum for any applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3, as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3 are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for approved Kansas scholars curriculum courses appearing on the official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved Kansas scholars curriculum only if the course was approved in accordance with guidelines established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3 and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved Kansas scholars curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of C, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.

(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).

(5) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:

(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of C or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.

(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(6) If an applicant has retaken an approved Kansas scholars course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved Kansas scholars curriculum.

(7) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved Kansas scholars curriculum and this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade in the college course, for purposes of de-

termining the Kansas scholars curriculum grade point average, as follows:

(A) Each college course with at least three but no more than five credit hours shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.

(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.

(e) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for any resident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-18(a) through (e), as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-18(a) through (e) are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken from an accredited Kansas high school as described in paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(8)(B).

(3) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of college preparatory courses taken from a high school located outside the state of Kansas as follows:

(A) The applicant shall have earned a grade of D or better.

(B)(i) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the qualified admission precollege curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of C, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.

(ii) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).

(4) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:

(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of C or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.

(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(5) If an applicant has retaken a qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the qualified admission precollege curriculum.

(6) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the qualified admission precollege curriculum and this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade in the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:

(A) Each college course with at least three but no more than five credit hours shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.

(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.

(f) For any resident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f), the admission officer shall calculate the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f) are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken from an accredited Kansas high school as described in paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(8)(B).

(3) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of college preparatory courses taken from high schools located outside the state of Kansas as described in paragraphs (e)(3) through (e)(6)(B).

(4) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken after high school graduation as described in paragraphs (e)(6)(A) and (e)(6)(B).

(g) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the college preparatory curriculum established by the state in which the applicant is a resident and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each

admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average for that state's college preparatory curriculum for any nonresident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-19(a) as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-19(a) are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for college preparatory courses appearing on the official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved college preparatory curriculum only if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved college preparatory curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of C, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.

(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).

(5) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:

(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of C or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.

(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(6) If an applicant has retaken a college preparatory course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the college preparatory curriculum.

(7) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the college preparatory curriculum and this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade in the college course, for purposes of determining the college preparatory curriculum grade point average, as follows:

(A) Each college course with at least three but no more than five credit hours shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.

(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.

(h) At the time of admission of an applicant, the state educational institution shall notify the applicant of each of the following:

(1) The category or categories in which the applicant is admitted;

(2) any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission; and

(3) the requirements for removing any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-11. Requirements for the qualified admission precollege curriculum. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the academic year 2014-2015 summer session. In order to admit any applicant under the qualified admission precollege curriculum criteria, each state educational institution shall require the applicant to provide an official high school transcript documenting completion of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum specified in this regulation.

For each student graduating from high school in academic year 2014-2015 and thereafter, the qualified admission precollege curriculum shall consist of courses that are among those listed in "Kansas board of regents precollege curriculum courses approved for university admissions," as adopted by reference in K.A.R. 88-29-11. The qualified admission precollege curriculum shall consist of the following distribution of courses:

(a) One of the following:

(1) Four units of approved qualified admission English courses, which shall include reading, writing, and literature; or

(2) four units of approved qualified admission English courses, of which three and ½ units shall include reading, writing, and literature and ½ unit of speech;

(b)(1) If the student has achieved the ACT or SAT college readiness math benchmark, three

units of approved qualified admission mathematics courses that meet the following requirements:

(A) The course shall be completed in the ninth through twelfth grades; and

(B) the course shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission algebra I;

(ii) qualified admission geometry;

(iii) qualified admission algebra II;

(iv) any mathematics course that has qualified admission algebra II as a prerequisite; or

(v) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; or

(2) if the student has not achieved the ACT or SAT college readiness math benchmark, four units of approved qualified admission mathematics courses, one of which shall be taken in the year the student graduates high school, that meet the following requirements:

(A) The course shall be completed in the ninth through twelfth grades;

(B) at least three of the courses shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(i) Qualified admission algebra I;

(ii) qualified admission geometry;

(iii) qualified admission algebra II;

(iv) any mathematics course that has qualified admission algebra II as a prerequisite; or

(v) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; and

(C) the fourth unit may be selected from any other mathematics courses prescribed by the local school district and designed to prepare students for college;

(c) three units of approved qualified admission natural science courses that meet the following requirements:

(1) The three units shall be selected from any of the following courses:

(A) Qualified admission biology;

(B) qualified admission advanced biology;

(C) qualified admission chemistry;

(D) qualified admission physics;

(E) qualified admission earth-space science;

(F) qualified admission principles of technology; or

(G) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; and

(2) at least one unit shall be selected from a qualified admission chemistry course or a qualified admission physics course;

(d) three units of approved qualified admission social science courses, which shall include instruction in United States history, United States government, and geography; and

(e) three units of elective courses selected from any of the following categories:

(1) English;

(2) mathematics;

(3) natural science;

(4) social science;

(5) foreign language;

(6) personal finance;

(7) speech, debate, or forensics;

(8) journalism;

(9) computer or information systems;

(10) fine arts;

(11) career and technical education; or

(12) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-18. Functional equivalents of the qualified admission precollege curriculum; residents. In order to admit an applicant under the criterion of successful completion of the functional equivalent of the precollege curriculum, the admission officer of each state educational institution shall require each applicant who is a resident of Kansas and who graduates from high school in academic year 2014-2015 or later to meet the requirements specified in subsections (a) through (e) or in subsection (f). An admission officer of a state educational institution shall not grant any exception to this regulation. The admission officer shall utilize subsections (a) through (e) only for resident applicants who have completed 15 or fewer quarters of high school in Kansas.

(a) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege English courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any four units of high school English. A general education English course consisting of three or more semester hours taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit

of high school English. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.

(b) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege natural science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of high school natural science courses chosen from one of the following areas:

(1) Biology;
(2) chemistry;
(3) physics;
(4) earth or space science;
(5) principles of technology;
(6) integrated science;
(7) physical science; or
(8) environmental science.

A general education natural science course consisting of three or more semester hours taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school natural science. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.

(c) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege social science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of high school social science courses that meet Kansas high school graduation requirements.

A general education social science course consisting of three or more semester hours taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school social science. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.

(d) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege elective courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of fine arts, computer or information systems, foreign languages, personal finance, speech, debate, forensics, journalism, career and technical education courses, or units of English, mathematics, social science, or natural science that are in addition to those required in subsections (a) through (c) and subsection (e).

A general education course consisting of three or more semester hours in English, mathematics, social science, natural science, fine arts, computer or information systems, foreign language, personal finance, speech, debate, forensics, journalism, or career and technical education taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school electives. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.

(e) Each applicant shall provide official documentation of successful completion of the math requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29a-11(b)(1) or (b)(2).

(f) Any admission officer may utilize this subsection for any resident applicant who, upon high school graduation, has met most but not all of the precollege curriculum requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, or the functional equivalents specified in subsections (a) through (e). Any resident applicant not meeting the precollege curriculum requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-11, or the functional equivalents specified in subsections (a) through (e), may complete college credit courses to meet the unfulfilled precollege curriculum requirements, if all the following requirements are met:

(1) The course shall be transferable to a state educational institution.

(2) The course shall be three or more semester hours.

(3) The course shall be in the same subject area as the identified deficiency.

(4) The applicant shall submit documentation on the official college transcript of completion of the course. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-19. Functional equivalents of the qualified admission precollege curriculum; nonresidents. In order to admit an applicant under the criterion of successful completion of the functional equivalent of the precollege curriculum, the admission officer of each state educational institution shall require each applicant who is not a resident of Kansas and who graduates from high school in academic year 2014-2015 or later to meet at least one of the sets of requirements specified in subsections (a) and (b). An admission officer of a state educational institution shall not grant any exception to this regulation.

To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide one of the following:

(a) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of the college preparatory curriculum established by the state in which the applicant is a resident. This option may be used only if the resident state's college preparatory curriculum is at least as rigorous as that required by K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(b) official documentation of achievement of all four ACT college readiness benchmarks. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

Article 29b.—UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS ADMISSIONS

88-29b-1. Definitions. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applications beginning with the 2016 summer session. Each of the following terms, wherever used in this article, shall have the meaning specified in this regulation:

(a) "Accelerated course" means a course that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) Is designed for students performing above their grade level as determined by standardized testing;

(2) if the course is designed to be a ½-unit course, is completed in less than 40 clock-hours;

(3) if the course is designed to be a one-unit course, is completed in less than 80 clock-hours; and

(4) has been determined by the board of regents to include similar or greater content, depth, and complexity as that of a one-unit course completed in 120 clock-hours or a ½-unit course completed in 60 clock-hours.

(b) "Accredited high school" means one or more educational institutions that provide secondary instruction to students in grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 and that are designated accredited by a regional accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education, by the Kansas state board of education, or by an agency with standards equivalent to those of the United States department of education or the Kansas state board of education.

(c) "Admission" means the permission given by the admission officer of the university of Kansas to an applicant to enroll as a degree-seeking student in the university of Kansas.

(d) "Admission category" means one of the admission categories adopted by the university of Kansas pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-3.

(e) "Complete application file" means the entire set of the following student records that have been received in the admission office of the university of Kansas:

(1) A completed application to the university of Kansas;

(2) verification that all applicable application fees have been paid;

(3) an official copy of the final transcript from each high school attended, including a transcript documenting graduation from high school, or a GED credential;

(4) when required pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29b-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-7, or K.A.R. 88-29b-7, an official copy of all ACT or SAT scores; and

(5) any other materials required by the university of Kansas for advising or placement purposes.

(f) "Degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment at the university of Kansas and who has formally indicated to the university of Kansas the intent to complete a program of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(g) "Earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores" means one of the following:

(1) Took the GED test on or after January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 2,550 points and a minimum score of 510 points on each subtest; or

(2) took the GED test before January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 250 points and a minimum score of 50 points on each subtest.

(h) "Exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions" means a method by which the university of Kansas, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-8c, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas, who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, K.A.R. 88-29b-4, K.A.R. 88-29a-7, K.A.R. 88-29b-7, K.A.R. 88-29a-7a, or K.A.R. 88-29b-7a, and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions.

(i) "Exception window for nonresident transfer admissions" means a method by which the university of Kansas, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-8b, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas and has earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4 or K.A.R. 88-29b-4.

(j) "Exception window for resident freshman class admissions" means a method by which the university of Kansas, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-8, may admit a Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, K.A.R. 88-29b-4, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29b-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-6, or K.A.R. 88-29b-6 and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for resident transfer admissions.

(k) "Exception window for resident transfer admissions" means a method by which the university of Kansas, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-8a, may admit a Kansas resident who has earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours but is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4 or K.A.R. 88-29b-4.

(l) "Institution of higher education" means an educational institution in any state, territory, or country that meets all of the following criteria:

(1) Meets one of the following requirements:

(A) Offers a course of instruction designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid; or

(B) offers a course of instruction that is equivalent to a program designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid;

(2) is legally authorized within the state, territory, or country that appears on the transcript to provide a program of education beyond secondary education; and

(3) meets one of the following requirements:

(A) Is accredited by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency; or

(B) has been granted preaccreditation status by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by either the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency.

(m) "Integrated course" means a course that redistributes the content of two or more qualified admission precollege curriculum courses into a nontraditional combination. A nontraditional combination may combine the content of qualified admission algebra I and qualified admission geometry over a period of four semesters in a sequence of courses titled integrated math I and II.

(n) "Kansas resident" means a person determined to be a resident for fee purposes, pursuant to K.S.A. 76-729 and amendments thereto.

(o) "Non-accredited private secondary school" means a private secondary school, as defined in K.S.A. 72-53,100 and amendments thereto, which may include a home school.

(p) "Non-degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment at the university of Kansas and who has formally indicated to the university the intent to enroll for self-enrichment or other reasons, excluding the intent to complete a course of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(q) "Precollege," when used to describe a course or curriculum, means a type of course or curriculum offered at an accredited high school that meets both of the following conditions:

(1) The course or curriculum is designed for a student performing at or above the student's grade level as determined by standardized testing.

(2) The content and requirements of the course or curriculum have been determined by the board of regents or the board's designee to reflect a pace of instruction, intensity and depth of material, level of abstraction, and application of critical thinking necessary to prepare students for study at state educational institutions.

(r) "State educational institution" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 76-711, and amendments thereto.

(s) "Transferable college credit hours" means postsecondary coursework that the university of Kansas will accept.

(t) "Unit" means a measure of secondary credit that may be awarded to a student for satisfactory completion of a particular course or subject. One unit of credit is credit that is awarded for satisfactory completion of a course or subject that is offered for and generally requires 120 clock-hours to complete. Credit may be awarded in increments based upon the amount of time a course or subject is offered and the requirements for completion. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-2. Scope. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applications beginning with the 2016 summer session. Unless expressly stated as applicable to non-degree-seeking students, this article shall apply only to undergraduate degree-seeking students at the university of Kansas. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-3. Categories of admission. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session.

(a) In the admission policies that are required by K.A.R. 88-29b-9, the university of Kansas shall adopt the regular admission category, which shall include any applicant who is given permission from the university to enroll as a degree-seeking student at the university without any conditions or restrictions other than that the student will be subject to all policies of the university.

(b) In the admission policies that are required by K.A.R. 88-29b-9, the university of Kansas may adopt one or more admission categories in addition to the regular admission category specified in subsection (a). These additional categories shall be limited to the following:

(1) The temporary admission category, which shall include any applicant who is given permission from the university to enroll as a degree-seeking student at the university for a specified period of time not to exceed one calendar year, during which period the student shall be required to provide the university with the student's complete application file; and

(2) the provisional admission category, which shall include any applicant who is given permission from the university to enroll as a degree-seeking student at the university for a probationary period of time, subject to restrictions that may include any of the following requirements:

(A) The applicant shall enroll only in a limited number of credit hours each semester as specified by the university;

(B) the applicant shall enroll in the developmental or college preparatory courses specified by the university;

(C) the applicant shall participate in an advising program specified by the university;

(D) the applicant shall achieve a certain specified grade point average specified by the university at the end of a period of time specified by the university; and

(E) the applicant shall meet any other provisions established in the university's admission policy for provisional admission established in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29b-9.

(c) A student in the regular admission category shall not be in any other admission category.

(d) The temporary and provisional admission categories shall not be mutually exclusive. Each student who is not in the regular admission category shall be admitted into any other category or categories of admission adopted by the university for which the student is eligible. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-4. Qualifications required for the admission of an applicant with 24 or more transferable college credit hours. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applications beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of subsection (b) or paragraph (d)(1) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29-4, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8a or the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8b. Applicants who are admitted pursuant to subsection (c) or paragraph (d)(2) and who do not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29-4 may be admitted only by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8a or the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8b.

(b) The university of Kansas shall admit any Kansas resident who submits an application for admission to the university on or before July 1 of the academic year for which the student is applying and who meets the following criteria:

(1) Has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours; and

(2) has earned a cumulative grade point average of 2.5 or higher on a 4.0 scale in all transferable postsecondary coursework.

(c)(1) The university of Kansas may admit any

Kansas resident applicant who meets the following conditions:

(A)(i) Submits an application for admission to the university after July 1 of the academic year for which the student is applying; or

(ii) submits an application for admission on or before July 1 but does not meet the criteria specified in subsection (b); and

(B) is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee.

(2) The admission review committee shall consider the following factors in making admission recommendations:

(A) The applicant's completed coursework in relation to the admission standards in K.A.R. 88-29-4;

(B) the applicant's grade point average in all postsecondary coursework;

(C) the degree of difficulty of the applicant's postsecondary coursework;

(D) the applicant's grade trend;

(E) the applicant's ability to enhance the cultural, economic, racial, or geographic diversity of the university;

(F) the applicant's academic potential;

(G) any outstanding talent in a particular area that the applicant has demonstrated;

(H) the applicant's personal challenges or family circumstances that have affected academic performance;

(I) the applicant's eligibility for and likelihood of benefitting from organized support services available at the university; and

(J) any other factors that the admission review committee deems appropriate and that have been included in the university's admission policies established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-9.

(d) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident applicant who meets one of the following conditions:

(1) Submits an application for admission to the university on or before July 1 of the academic year for which the student is applying and meets the following conditions:

(A) Has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours; and

(B) has earned a cumulative grade point average of 2.5 or higher on a 4.0 scale in all transferable postsecondary coursework;

(2) submits an application for admission to the university after July 1 of the academic year for which the student is applying and is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee upon consideration of the factors listed in paragraph (c)(2); or

(3) submits an application for admission on or before July 1, does not meet the criteria specified in paragraph (d)(1), and is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee upon consideration of the factors listed in paragraph (c)(2). (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-5. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of subsections (b), (c), and (d) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-5, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8. Any applicant who is admitted pursuant to subsection (e) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-5 may be admitted only by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8.

(b) The university of Kansas shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and meets either of the following requirements:

(1) (A) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state, with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale:

(i) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;

(ii) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or

(iii) for eligible applicants, the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent

described in K.A.R. 88-29a-18 (a) through (e) or in K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f);

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 24; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours; or

(2) (A) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state, with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.25 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale:

(i) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;

(ii) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or

(iii) for eligible applicants, the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-18 (a) through (e) or in K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f);

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(c) The university of Kansas shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and meets either of the following requirements:

(1) (A) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following:

(i) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(ii) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 24; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours; or

(2) (A) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.25 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following:

(i) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(ii) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(d) The university of Kansas shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29b-1;

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(3) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(e)(1) The university of Kansas may admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets the following conditions:

(A)(i) Submits an application for admission to the university after February 1; or

(ii) submits an application for admission on or before February 1 but does not meet the criteria specified in subsections (b), (c), and (d); and

(B) is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee.

(2) The admission review committee shall consider the following factors in making admission recommendations:

(A) The applicant's completed coursework in relation to the admission standards in K.A.R. 88-29a-5;

(B) the applicant's academic performance, including the following:

(i) Grade point average in all high school coursework;

(ii) ACT scores; and

(iii) high school class rank;

(C) the degree of difficulty of the applicant's high school coursework;

(D) the applicant's grade trend;

(E) the applicant's ability to enhance the cultural, economic, racial, or geographic diversity of the university;

(F) the applicant's academic potential;

(G) any outstanding talent in a particular area that the applicant has demonstrated;

(H) the applicant's successful completion of advanced placement, international baccalaureate, and dual-credit coursework while in high school;

(I) specification of whether the applicant is a first-generation postsecondary student;

(J) the applicant's personal challenges or family circumstances that have affected academic performance;

(K) the applicant's eligibility for and likelihood of benefitting from organized support services available at the university; and

(L) any other factors that the admission review committee deems appropriate and that have been included in the university's admission policies established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-9. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-6. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the university of Kansas, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of subsection (b) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-6, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8. Any applicant who is admitted pursuant to subsection (c) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-6 may be admitted only by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8.

(b) The university of Kansas shall admit any Kansas resident who is 21 or older who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and who meets one of the following criteria:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state;

(2) has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; or

(3) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29b-1.

(c) The university of Kansas may admit any Kansas resident who is 21 or older and meets the following conditions:

(1)(A) Submits an application for admission to the university after February 1; or

(B) submits an application for admission on or before February 1 but does not meet the criteria specified in subsection (b); and

(2) is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee upon consideration of the factors listed in K.A.R. 88-29b-5(e)(2). (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-7. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements prescribed in subsections (b), (c), and (d) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-7, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8c. Any applicant who is admitted pursuant to subsection (e) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-7 may be admitted only by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8c.

(b) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and meets either of the following requirements:

(1)(A) Has graduated from an accredited high school with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following with a

minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:

(i) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;

(ii) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or

(iii) the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-19;

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 24; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours; or

(2) (A) Has graduated from an accredited high school with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.25 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:

(i) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;

(ii) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or

(iii) the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-19;

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(c) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and meets either of the following requirements:

(1)(A) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:

(i) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(ii) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 24; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours; or

(2) (A) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.25 on a 4.0 scale;

(B) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:

(i) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or

(ii) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;

(C) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(D) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(d) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and meets the following requirements:

(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29b-1;

(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and

(3) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.

(e) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following conditions:

(1)(A) Submits an application for admission to the university after February 1; or

(B) submits an application for admission on or before February 1 but does not meet the criteria specified in subsections (b), (c), and (d); and

(2) is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee upon consideration of the factors listed in K.A.R. 88-29b-5(e)(2). (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-7a. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The

requirements of this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the university of Kansas, except that this regulation shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of subsection (b) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-7a, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8c. Any applicant who is admitted pursuant to subsection (c) and does not meet the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-7a may be admitted only by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8c.

(b) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident who is 21 or older who submits an application for admission to the university on or before February 1 and meets one of the following criteria:

(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; or

(2) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29b-1.

(c) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident who is 21 or older who meets the following conditions:

(1)(A) Submits an application for admission to the university after February 1; or

(B) submits an application for admission on or before February 1 but does not meet the criteria specified in subsection (b); and

(2) is recommended for admission by the university's admission review committee upon consideration of the factors listed in K.A.R. 88-29b-5(e)(2). (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-8. The exception window for resident freshman class admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The university of Kansas may admit any Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29b-5(b), (c), or (d), K.A.R. 88-29b-6, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, or K.A.R. 88-29a-6 and who has earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions. The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new students who have earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the university of Kansas shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the university of Kansas exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for resident freshman class admissions.

(d) The university of Kansas shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-8a. The exception window for resident transfer admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applications beginning with the 2016 summer session. The university of Kansas may admit any Kansas resident who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours, but who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29b-4(b) or K.A.R. 88-29-4, by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions.

(a) The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new resident students who have earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission cat-

egory, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the university of Kansas shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the university of Kansas exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for resident transfer admissions.

(d) The university of Kansas shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-8b. The exception window for nonresident transfer admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applications beginning with the 2016 summer session. The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident who has earned 24 or more transferable college credit hours, but who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29b-4(d)(1) or K.A.R. 88-29-4, by means of the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions.

(a) The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new nonresident students who have earned at least 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions calculated using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1).

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the university of Kansas shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the university of Kansas exceeds the allotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for nonresident transfer admissions.

(d) The university of Kansas shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-8c. The exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. (a) The university of Kansas may admit any nonresident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29b-7(b), (c), or (d), K.A.R. 88-29b-7a(b), K.A.R. 88-29a-7, or K.A.R. 88-29a-7a and who has earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions. The maximum number of students admitted by means of this exception window shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The total number of admitted new nonresident students who have earned fewer than 24 transferable college credit hours, regardless of admission category, shall be counted on the twentieth day of the fall, spring, and summer sessions of each academic year.

(2) The maximum number of admissions that may be made using this exception window shall be equal to 10 percent of the sum of the three numbers counted in paragraph (a)(1) or 50 students, whichever is greater.

(b) In determining which students to admit as exceptions pursuant to this regulation, the university of Kansas shall give preference to persons who are in military service, as defined in K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the university of Kansas exceeds the al-

lotted number of admissions using this exception window, the excess over the allowable total number of exceptions shall be subtracted from the subsequent year's allowable total number of exceptions for nonresident freshman class admissions.

(d) The university of Kansas shall require each student who is admitted as an exception to the minimum qualified admission standards pursuant to this regulation to adopt an individual plan for success, before enrollment, and subsequently review that individual plan for success, as required by K.S.A. 76-717 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-9. Admission policies. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session. The chancellor of the university of Kansas or a designee shall establish admission policies that meet all of the following requirements:

(a) The policies shall not conflict with the provisions of this article or, where applicable, the provisions of articles 29 and 29a.

(b) The policies shall specify the materials required for a complete application file.

(c) The policies shall address the enrollment of both degree-seeking and non-degree-seeking students as well as each student's transition from degree-seeking to non-degree-seeking status or from non-degree-seeking to degree-seeking status. Policies shall mandate that each non-degree-seeking student who applies to enroll as a degree-seeking student shall be admitted only if one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The student meets the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29b-4 through 88-29b-7a.

(2) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshmen class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8.

(3) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for resident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8a.

(4) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8b.

(5) The student is admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29b-8c.

(d) The policies shall include an explanation of the exception windows and the university of Kansas' method to determine which applicants would be admitted if there were more applicants than the university is allowed under K.A.R. 88-29b-8, K.A.R. 88-29b-8a, K.A.R. 88-29b-8b, or K.A.R. 88-29b-8c.

(e) The policies may include the establishment of subcategories of non-degree-seeking students.

(f) The policies shall include a statement indicating whether the university of Kansas will consider, in the admission decision, any postsecondary credit from an institution that is not accredited and has not been granted preaccreditation status by an agency recognized by the United States department of education or by an equivalent international agency. If the university considers these credits, the admission decision shall be made in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29-4 or K.A.R. 88-29b-4.

(g) The policies shall include a statement of whether the university of Kansas enrolls students in the temporary or provisional admission category.

(1) If the university of Kansas enrolls any students in the temporary admission category, the policies shall include all of the following:

(A) A description of requirements for exiting the temporary admission category and entering another admission category;

(B) a statement that a temporarily admitted student may be denied admission to a specific degree program;

(C) a statement that each student who fails to exit from the temporary admission category within the specified period of time shall be disenrolled; and

(D) a statement that each applicant who is admitted in the temporary admission category pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29b-10(a)(2) or (b)(2) shall be allowed to exit from the temporary admission category and enter the regular admission category only upon verification of high school graduation.

(2) If the university of Kansas enrolls any students in the provisional admission category, the policies shall include all of the following:

(A) A description of requirements for exiting the provisional admission category and entering another admission category;

(B) a statement that any student admitted in the provisional admission category may be denied admission to a specific degree program; and

(C) a statement that each student who fails to

exit from the provisional admission category within the period of time specified by the university shall be disenrolled.

(3) The policies shall mandate that a student who meets the criteria for both the temporary and provisional admission categories shall not be granted regular admission until the student fulfills the requirements for exiting each of the categories in which the student is initially enrolled.

(h) The policies shall be required to be approved in advance by the board of regents. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

88-29b-10. Methods for evaluating qualifications for admission. This regulation shall be applicable to the university of Kansas' review of applicants beginning with the 2016 summer session.

(a) The admission officer at the university of Kansas shall consider each applicant's ACT or SAT scores as follows:

(1) A documented score of 980 on the SAT, excluding the writing portion of the SAT, shall be deemed the equivalent of a composite score of 21 on the ACT for purposes of this article. A documented score of 1090 on the SAT, excluding the writing portion of the SAT, shall be deemed the equivalent of a composite score of 24 on the ACT for purposes of this article.

(2) A documented composite score of 21 or above on the ACT may be used to admit an applicant in the temporary admission category after the applicant's completion of the sixth high school semester, without further review of the applicant's materials.

(3) The admission officer shall consider the applicant's best composite ACT score for admission decisions.

(4) If an applicant has taken both the ACT and SAT, the admission officer shall consider the applicant's better score on the two tests for admission decisions.

(b) The admission officer at the university of Kansas shall consider class rank as follows:

(1) If class rank cannot be determined, the admission officer shall not admit an applicant under this criterion.

(2) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's sixth semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.

(c) If the high school has not already calculated overall grade point average or the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, the admission officer at the university of Kansas shall calculate overall grade point average and grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for any applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29b-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-7, or K.A.R. 88-29b-7, as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-11 are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for courses appearing on the applicant's official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course was approved in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29a-11 for the semester and year in which the applicant completed the course and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course code that appears on the applicant's official high school transcript is the same as the course code of the approved course.

(5)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of C, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.

(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).

(6) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:

(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of C or higher, the

admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.

(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.

(7) If an applicant has retaken an approved qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum.

(8) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum and if this college course appears on the official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade for the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:

(A) Each college course with three or more credit hours, but no more than five credit hours, shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.

(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.

(d) If the high school has not already calculated the overall grade point average or grade point average in the Kansas scholars curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, the admission officer at the university of Kansas shall calculate the overall grade point average and grade point average in the Kansas scholars curriculum for any applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3, as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3 are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for courses appearing on the applicant's official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved Kansas scholars curriculum only if the course was approved in accordance with guidelines established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3 and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4) The admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in accordance with paragraphs (c)(5) through (8).

(e) If the high school has not already calculated the overall grade point average and the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, the admission officer at the university of Kansas shall calculate overall grade point average and grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for any resident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-18(a) through (e), as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-18(a) through (e) are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate the applicant's grade point average for approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken from an accredited Kansas high school as described in paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(8)(B).

(3) The admission officer shall calculate the applicant's grade point average for college preparatory courses taken from a high school located outside the state of Kansas, as follows:

(A) The applicant shall have earned a grade of D or better.

(B) The admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in accordance with paragraphs (c)(5) through (8).

(f) For any resident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f), the admission officer at the university of Kansas shall calculate the overall grade point average and grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum, as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f) are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate the applicant's grade point average for qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken from an accredited Kansas high school as described in paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(8)(B).

(3) The admission officer shall calculate the applicant's grade point average for college preparatory courses taken from high schools located outside the state of Kansas as described in paragraph (e)(3).

(4) The admission officer shall calculate the applicant's grade point average for qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken after high school graduation as described in paragraphs (c)(8)(A) and (c)(8)(B).

(g) If the high school has not already calculated the overall grade point average or the grade point average in the college preparatory curriculum established by the state in which the applicant is a

resident and provided that information on the official high school transcript, the admission officer at the university of Kansas shall calculate the overall grade point average and grade point average for that state's college preparatory curriculum for any nonresident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-19(a), as follows:

(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-19(a) are met before calculating grade point average.

(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for college preparatory courses appearing on the applicant's official high school transcript.

(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved college preparatory curriculum only if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.

(4) The admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in accordance with paragraphs (c)(5) through (8).

(h) At the time of admission of an applicant, the university of Kansas shall notify the applicant of each of the following:

(1) The category or categories in which the applicant is admitted;

(2) any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission; and

(3) the requirements for removing any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717, as amended by L. 2012, ch. 168, sec. 11; effective Feb. 1, 2013.)

Article 30.—STUDENT HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

88-30-1. Definitions. The following terms wherever used in this article shall have the meanings specified in this regulation:

(a) "Degree-seeking undergraduate student" means a student who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to complete a program of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.

(b) "Dependent" means a student's unmarried child under the age of 19 who is not self-supporting.

(c) "Employer contribution" means the amount paid by a state educational institution for the coverage of a student employee that equals 75% of the cost of student-only coverage.

(d) "State board" means the state board of regents.

(e) "State educational institution" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 76-711, and amendments thereto, except that for purposes of this article, the university of Kansas medical center shall be considered a state educational institution separate from the university of Kansas, Lawrence, and its campuses.

(f)(1) "Student" means any individual who meets each of the following conditions:

(A) Is enrolled at a state educational institution, except as provided in paragraph (f)(1)(C)(iv);

(B) is not eligible for coverage under K.A.R. 108-1-1; and

(C) meets one of the following conditions:

(i) Is a degree-seeking undergraduate student who is enrolled in at least six hours in the fall or spring semesters or at least three hours in the summer semester or is participating in an internship approved or sponsored by the state educational institution;

(ii) is a master's degree student who is enrolled in at least three hours each semester;

(iii) is an individual with J-1 or other nonimmigrant status;

(iv) is an individual with nonimmigrant status who is engaged in optional practical training or academic training, even though the individual is not enrolled:

(v) is a doctoral student;

(vi) is a master's or doctoral student who is participating in an internship approved or sponsored by the state educational institution; or

(vii) has been appointed as a postdoctoral fellow.

(2) "Student" shall not include either of the following:

(A) Except as provided in paragraph (f)(3), any individual who is enrolled exclusively in any of the following:

(i) One or more semester-based internet courses;

(ii) one or more semester-based television courses;

(iii) one or more home study courses; or

(iv) one or more correspondence courses; or

(B) a concurrent enrollment pupil, as defined in K.S.A. 72-11a03, and amendments thereto.

(3) The limitations of paragraph (f)(2)(A) shall not apply to any student employee whose official

workstation is on the main campus of a state educational institution.

(4) Each individual who meets the criteria for being a "student," as specified in this subsection, at the time of application for coverage under the student health insurance program shall remain eligible for coverage throughout the coverage period.

(g) "Student employee" means a student who meets one of the following conditions:

(1) Is appointed for the current semester to a graduate assistant, graduate teaching assistant, or graduate research assistant position that is at least a 50% appointment; or

(2) holds concurrent appointments to more than one graduate assistant, graduate teaching assistant, or graduate research assistant position that total at least a 50% appointment.

(h) "Student health insurance program" means the health and accident insurance coverage or health care services of a health maintenance organization for which the state board has contracted pursuant to K.S.A. 75-4101, and amendments thereto.

This regulation shall be effective on and after August 1, 2011. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-4101; effective, T-88-6-14-07, June 14, 2007; effective Oct. 12, 2007; amended Aug. 1, 2011.)